

## Important Articles of the Constitution

Articles	Subject
<b>Part I Art. 1-4</b>	The Union and its territory.
<b>Part II Art. 5-11</b>	Citizenship
<b>Part III</b>	Fundamental Rights
<b>Art. 12</b>	Definition
<b>Art. 13</b>	Laws inconsistent with or in derogation of the fundamental rights
<b>Art. 12</b>	Definition
<b>Art. 13</b>	Laws inconsistent with or in derogation of the fundamental rights
<b>Right to Equality</b>	
<b>Art. 14</b>	Equality before law
<b>Art. 15</b>	Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth
<b>Art. 16</b>	Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment
<b>Art. 17</b>	Abolition of untouchability
<b>Art. 18</b>	Abolition of titles
<b>Right to Freedom</b>	
<b>Art. 19</b>	Protection of certain rights regarding freedom of speech, etc.
<b>Art. 20</b>	Protection in respect of conviction for offences
<b>Art. 21</b>	Protection of life and personal liberty
<b>21A.</b>	Right to education
<b>Art. 22</b>	Protection against arrest and detention in certain cases
<b>Right against Exploitation</b>	
<b>Art. 23</b>	Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour
<b>Art. 24</b>	Prohibition of employment of children in factories, etc.
<b>Right to Freedom of Religion</b>	
<b>Art. 25</b>	Freedom of conscience and free profession, practice and propagation of religion
<b>Art. 26</b>	Freedom to manage religious affairs

<b>Art. 27</b>	Freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion
<b>Art. 28</b>	Freedom as to attendance at religious instruction or religious worship in certain educational institutions
<b>Cultural and Educational Rights</b>	
<b>Art. 29</b>	Protection of interests of minorities
<b>Art. 30</b>	Right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions
<b>Saving of certain Laws</b>	
<b>Art. 31A</b>	Saving of laws providing for aquisition of estates, etc.
<b>Art. 31B</b>	Validation of certain Acts and Regulations
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<b>Right to Constitutional Remedies</b>	
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<b>Art. 33</b>	Power of Parliament to modify the rights conferred by this Part in their application to Forces etc.
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<b>Part IV Directive Principles of State Policy</b>	
<b>Art. 36</b>	Definition
<b>Art. 37</b>	Application of the principles contained in this Part
<b>Art. 38</b>	State to secure a social order for the promotion of welfare of the people
<b>Art. 39</b>	Certain principles of policy to be followed by the State
<b>Art. 39A</b>	Equal justice and free legal aid
<b>Art. 40</b>	Organisation of village panchayats
<b>Art. 41</b>	Right to work, to education and to public assistance in certain cases
<b>Art. 42</b>	Provision for just and humane conditions of work and maternity relief
<b>Art. 43</b>	Living wage, etc. for workers

<b>Art. 43A</b>	Participation of workers in management of industries Art.
<b>43B</b>	The State shall endeavour to promote voluntary formation, autonomous functioning, democratic control and professional management of co-operative societies.
<b>Art. 44</b>	Uniform civil code for the citizens
<b>Art. 45</b>	Provision for early childhood care and education to children below the age of six years
<b>Art. 46</b>	Promotion of educational and economic interest of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other weaker sections
<b>Art. 47</b>	Duty of the State to raise the level of nutrition and the standard of living and to improve public health
<b>Art. 48</b>	Organization of agriculture and animal husbandry
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<b>Art. 49</b>	Protection of monuments and places and objects of national importance
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<b>Art. 134A</b>	Certificate for appeal to the Supreme Court
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## Schedules of the Indian Constitution

The Constitution of India at the time of its adoption had only eight Schedules to which four more were added during the succeeding sixty-five years.

**1st Schedule** : 28 States and 7 Union Territories with Territorial demarcations

### 2nd Schedule

**Part 'A'** : Salary and emoluments of the President and Governors of the States

**Part 'B'** : Omitted

**Part 'C'** : Salary and emoluments of the Speaker / Deputy Speaker or Chairman / Vice Chairman of the Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies or Councils.

**Part 'D' :** Salary and emoluments of the judge of the Supreme Court and High Courts

**Part 'E' :** Salary and emoluments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India

**3rd Schedule :** Forms of oath and affirmations of members of legislatures, ministers and judges.

**4th Schedule :** Allocation of seats to States and Union Territories in the Rajya Sabha.

**5th Schedule :** Administration and control of Scheduled Areas and STs.

**6th Schedule :** Administration of Tribal Areas of North-Eastern States

**7th Schedule :** Distribution of power between the Union and the State Government. (Union List, State List and Concurrent List)

**8th Schedule :** Description of 22 languages recognised in the Constitution.

**9th Schedule :** Validation of certain Acts and Regulations

**10th Schedule :** Provisions as to disqualification on ground of defection (Anti-defection Law introduced by the 52nd Constitutional Amendment Act.). This Schedule followed latest developments by 91st amendment to the constitution in 2003.

**11th Schedule :** Powers, authority and responsibilities of Panchayats, 29 subjects over which the Panchayats have jurisdiction (refer to the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act).

**12th Schedule :** Powers, authority and responsibilities of Municipalities, 18 subjects over which the Municipalities have jurisdiction (refer to the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act).